Chirita nandanensis (Gesneriaceae), a new species from Guangxi, China

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Chirita nandanensis S.X. Huang, Y.G. Wei & W.H. Luo sp. nova (Gesneriaceae) is described and illustrated from Guangxi, China. The new species is similar to *C. floribunda* in the leaf and flower shape, but differs by its leaves being densely villous on both surfaces and along the margin, and by having villous pedicels and a 2-parted stigma.

Key words: Chirita, Gesneriaceae, new species, taxonomy

In May 2006, the authors collected some *Chirita* (Gesneriaceae) specimens in the north of Guangxi province, China. After thorough consulting of the literature (Wang 1984, Wang *et al.* 1990, 1998, Li & Wang 2004), we concluded it was an undescribed species.

Chirita nandanensis S.X. Huang, Y.G. Wei & W.H. Luo, *sp. nova* (Fig. 1.)

Haec species nova est similis C. floribundae, a qua foliis utrinque margine que dense villosis, inflorescentiis 8–15, pediceliis villosis, stigmate 2-partito differt.

Type: China. Guangxi, Nandan county, in a limestone cave, alt. 300 m, flowering, 10.V.2006 *Y.G. Wei et al.* 0601 (holotype and isotype IBK).

Perennial herbs, acaulescent; rhizomes terete, 1–1.8 cm long, 5–8 mm in diam., leaves 6–10; leaf blade elliptic to oblong, 3–8 cm long, 1.5–4 cm wide, obtuse to acute at apex, cuneate at base, margin with crenation up to middle, densely vil-

lous on abaxial and adaxial surfaces, also along margin, 3-5-nerved on both sides; petioles flat, 1-7 cm long, 2-3 mm wide, densely villous. Cymes 8–15, 1–3-branched, 6–15-flowered; peduncles 5–10 cm long, densely villous; bracts 2, opposite, narrowly lanceolate, entire, ca. 6 mm long, ca. 1 mm wide, villous; pedicels 6-10 mm long, villous. Sepals 5, narrowly lanceolate, 5-6 mm long, ca. 1 mm wide, densely villous. Corolla pale purple, 2–3.2 cm long, sparae pubescent; tube infundibuliform-tubular, 1–1.5 cm long, its orifice 5-6 in diam.; upper lip 5-6 mm long, 2-parted to middle, lower lip 5-6 mm long, trifid to the middle, with all lobes orbicular-ovate. Stamens 2, adnate to corolla tube 1–1.8 cm above its base; filaments linear, 8–10 mm long, glabrous; anthers oblong, 3 mm long, glabrous. Staminodes 2, glabrous, adnate to corolla tube 8-16 mm above its base, ca. 3 mm long. Pistil ca. 2 cm long; ovary linear, 5–6 mm long, ca. 3 mm in diam., with style pubescent; style 1.5–1.8 cm long; stigma 2-parted, lobes narrowly lanceolate, ca. 4 mm long. Capsule linear, slight curved, 1–1.2 cm long, pubescent when young. Flowering in May.



Fig. 1. Chirita nandanensis. — **A**: Habit. — **B**: Open corolla with visible stamens and staminodes. — **C**: Calyx and pistil.

Chirita nandanensis grows in Nandan county of northern Guangxi province (China) in a limestone cave, at the altitude of 300 m a.s.l. It is morphologically close to *C. floribunda* (Wang 1984), also known from Guangxi. However, the densely villous (vs. puberulent) leaves, villous (vs. glandular puberulent) pedicels, and 2-parted (vs. undivided) stigma serve to distinguish *C. nandanensis*.

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